Area overview profile for Temple Newsam ward, using GP data

This profile presents a high level summary of GP record data sets for the Temple Newsam ward, using closest match Middle Super Output Areas (MSOAs) to calculate the area.

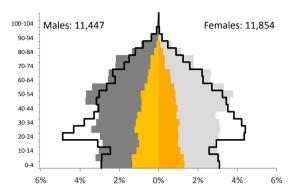
All wards are ranked to display variation across Leeds and this one is outlined in red.

If the ranked wards are significantly above or below the Leeds rate then they are coloured as a dark grey bar, otherwise they are shown as white to indicate they are not significantly different to Leeds.

Leeds overall is shown as a horizontal black line, Deprived Leeds* (or the most deprived fifth**) is an orange dashed horizontal. The MSOAs that make up this ward are overlaid as red circles and often range widely.

Population: 23,301

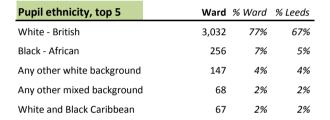
Comparison of ward in grey (orange if within most deprived fifth of Leeds) and Leeds age structures (outlined in black) January 2016.



Deprivation

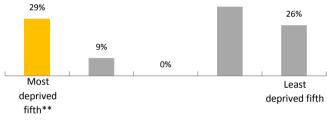
Proportions of this population within each deprivation 'quintile' or fifth of Leeds (Leeds therefore has equal proportions of 20%) January 2016.

36%



Pupil language, top 5	Ward	% Ward	% Leeds				
English	3,440	88%	80%				
Polish	68	2%	1%				
Other than English	40	1%	1%				
blank	34	1%	2%				
French	26	1%	1%				
	(Pupil data from January 2016 School Census)						

All cause mortality - under 75s, 2010-14 ranked wards



GP recorded ethnicity, top 5	% Ward	% Leeds	
White British	70%	60%	
(blank)	14%	12%	
Other White Background	5%	9%	
Not Stated	3%	2%	
Black African	3%	2%	
		(January 2016)	

Life expectancy at birth, 2011-13 ranked wards (years) ΑII Males **Females** 90y 90y Ward 80.4 79.4 81.4 78.9 Leeds resident 80.7 82.4 80y 80y 79.2 Deprived Leeds* 77.0 75.0 70y 70y 60y 60v Αll Male Female

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1000		⊦ 1000	(DSR per 100,000)	All	Males	Females	
800			- 800	Ward	346	388	306
600		h	- 600	Highest MSOAs in ward	502	557	458
400			400	Lowest MSOAs in ward	275	327	224
200	- Land		200				
0			0	Leeds resident	351	423	281
	All	Male	Female	Deprived fifth**	550	668	431

DSR - Directly Standardised Rate removes the effect that age structures have on data, allows comparison of 'young' and 'old' areas



The GP data charts show all 33 wards in rank order by directly standardised rate (DSR). DSR removes the effect that differing age structures have on data, and allow comparison of 'young' and 'old' areas. GP data can only reflect those patients who visit their doctor. Certain groups within the population are known to present late, or not at all, therefore it is important to remember that GP data is not the whole of the picture. This data includes all Leeds GP registered patients who live within the ward. However, some areas of Leeds have low numbers of patients registered at Leeds practices; if too few then their data is excluded from the data here. Obesity here is the rate within the population who have a recorded BMI.

^{*}Deprived Leeds: areas of Leeds within the 10% most deprived in England, using the Index of Multiple Deprivation. **Most deprived fifth, or quintile of Leeds - divides Leeds into five areas from most to least deprived, using IMD2015 LSOA scores adjusted to MSOA2011 areas using mid-2012 GP registered population weighting. Ordnance Survey PSMA Data, Licence Number 100050507, (c) Crown Copyright 2011, All rights reserved.

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GP data courtesy of Leeds GPs, only includes Leeds registered patients who are resident in the city.